

Human FGF-4 ELISA Kit

Catalog No: CKH135

Size: 1 x 96 tests

I. Introduction

FGF (Fibroblast growth factors) constitutes a family of related 16-18 kDa proteins controlling normal growth and differentiation of mesenchymal, epithelial, and neuroectodermal cell types. FGF-4 has potent transforming potential, apparently through an autocrine mechanism of action, and it is a potent angiogenic factor. It has also been extensively studied for its effects in embryogenesis. The Cell Sciences® Human FGF-4 ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is an in vitro enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay for the quantitative measurement of human FGF-4 in serum, plasma, cell culture supernatants and urine. This assay employs an antibody specific for human FGF-4 coated on a 96-well plate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and FGF-4 present in a sample is bound to the wells by the immobilized antibody. The wells are washed and biotinylated antihuman FGF-4 antibody is added. After washing away unbound biotinylated antibody, HRP-conjugated streptavidin is pipetted to the wells. The wells are again washed, a TMB substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of FGF-4 bound. The Stop Solution changes the color from blue to yellow, and the intensity of the color is measured at 450 nm.

II. Reagents

1. FGF-4 Microplate (Item A): 96 wells (12 strips x 8 wells) coated with anti-human FGF-4.
2. Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x) (Item B): 25 ml of 20x concentrated solution
3. Standards (Item C): 2 vials, recombinant human FGF-4.
4. Assay Diluent A (Item D): 30 ml, 0.09% sodium azide as preservative. For Standard/Sample (serum/plasma) diluent.
5. Assay Diluent B (Item E): 15 ml of 5x concentrated buffer. For Standard/Sample (cell culture medium/urine) diluent.
6. Detection Antibody FGF-4 (Item F): 2 vial of biotinylated anti-human FGF-4 (each vial is enough to assay half microplate).
7. HRP-Streptavidin Concentrate (Item G): 8 µl of 6,000x concentrated HRP-conjugated streptavidin.
8. TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H): 12 ml of 3,3',5,5'- tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) in buffered solution.
9. Stop Solution (Item I): 8 ml of 2 M sulfuric acid.

III. Storage

May be stored for up to 5 months from the date of shipment at 2-4°C. Standard (recombinant protein) should be stored at -20°C or -80°C (recommended at -80°C) after reconstitution. Opened Microplate Wells and reagents may be stored for up to 1 month at 2-4°C. Return unused wells to the pouch containing desiccant pack and reseal along entire edge of zip-seal. Note: the kit can be used within one year if the whole kit is stored at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

III. Additional material required

1. Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm
2. Precision pipettes to deliver 2 µl to 1 ml volumes
3. Adjustable 1-25 ml pipettes for reagent preparation
4. 100 ml and 1 liter graduated cylinders



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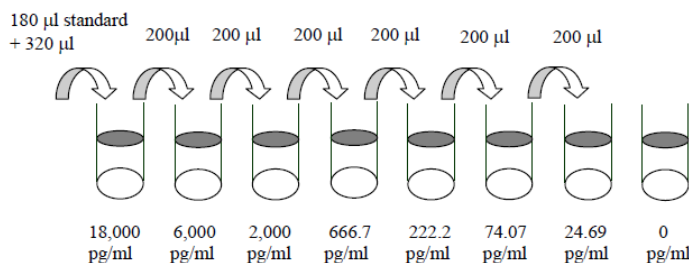
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5. Absorbent paper
6. Distilled or deionized water
7. Log-log graph paper or computer and software for ELISA data analysis
8. Tubes to prepare standard or sample dilutions

V. Reagent preparation

1. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (18 - 25°C) before use.
2. Sample dilution: If your samples need to be diluted, Assay Diluent A (Item D) is used for dilution of serum/plasma samples, and Assay Diluent B (Item E) is used for dilution of culture supernatants and urine.
3. Assay Diluent B (Item B) should be diluted 5-fold with deionized or distilled water. If the Wash Concentrate (20x) (Item B) contains visible crystals, warm to room temperature and mix gently until dissolved. Dilute 20 ml of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water to yield 400 ml of 1x Wash Buffer.
4. Preparation of standard: Briefly spin the vial of Item C and then add 400 μ l Assay Diluent A (for serum/plasma samples) or 1x Assay Diluent B (for cell culture medium and urine) into Item C vial to prepare a 50 ng/ml standard. Dissolve the powder thoroughly by a gentle mix. Add 180 μ l FGF-4 standard from the vial of Item C, into a tube with 320 μ l Assay Diluent A or 1x Assay Diluent B to prepare a 18,000 pg/ml stock standard solution. Pipette 400 μ l Assay Diluent A or 1x Assay Diluent B into each tube. Use the stock standard solution to produce a dilution series (shown below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. Assay Diluent A or 1x Assay Diluent B serves as the zero standard (0 pg/ml).



5. If the Wash Concentrate (20x) (Item B) contains visible crystals, warm to room temperature and mix gently until dissolved. Dilute 20 ml of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water to yield 400 ml of 1x Wash Buffer.
6. Briefly spin the Detection Antibody vial (Item F) before use. Add 100 μ l of 1x Assay Diluent B into the vial to prepare a detection antibody concentrate. Pipette up and down to mix gently (the concentrate can be stored at 4°C for 5 days). The detection antibody concentrate should be diluted 65-fold with 1x Assay Diluent B and used in step 4 of Part VI Assay Procedure.
7. Briefly spin the HRP-Streptavidin concentrate vial (Item G) and pipette up and down to mix gently before use. HRP-Streptavidin concentrate should be diluted 6,000-fold with 1x Assay Diluent B.

For example: Briefly spin the vial (Item G) and pipette up and down to mix gently. Add 2 μ l of HRP-Streptavidin concentrate into a tube with 12 ml 1x Assay Diluent B to prepare a final 6,000 fold diluted HRP-Streptavidin solution.

VI. Assay procedure

1. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (18 - 25°C) before use. It is recommended that all standards and samples be run at least in duplicate.



2. Add 100 μ l of each standard (see Reagent Preparation step 2) and sample into appropriate wells. Cover well and incubate for 2.5 hours at room temperature or overnight at 4°C with gentle shaking.
3. Discard the solution and wash 4 times with 1 x Wash Solution. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (300 μ l each) using a multi-channel Pipette or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After each wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
4. Add 100 μ l of 1x prepared biotinylated antibody (Reagent Preparation step 6) to each well. Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature with gentle shaking.
5. Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step 3.
6. Add 100 μ l of prepared Streptavidin solution (see Reagent Preparation step 7) to each well. Incubate for 45 minutes at room temperature with gentle shaking.
7. Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step 3.
8. Add 100 μ l of TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H) to each well. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature in the dark with gentle shaking.
9. Add 50 μ l of Stop Solution (Item I) to each well. Read at 450 nm immediately.

VII. Assay procedure summary

1. Prepare all reagents, samples and standards as instructed.



2. Add 100 μ l standard or sample to each well.
Incubate 2.5 hours at room temperature or over night at 4°C.



3. Add 100 μ l prepared biotin antibody to each well.
Incubate 1 hour at room temperature.



4. Add 100 μ l prepared Streptavidin solution. Incubate 45 minutes at room temperature.



5. Add 100 μ l TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent to each well.
Incubate 30 minutes at room temperature.



6. Add 50 μ l Stop Solution to each well.
Read at 450 nm immediately.

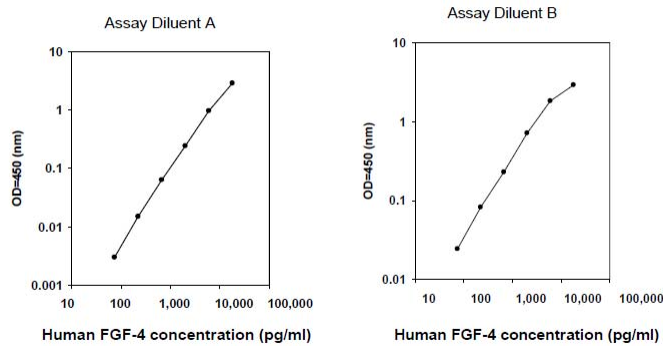
VIII. Calculation of results

Calculate the mean absorbance for each set of duplicate standards, controls and samples, and subtract the average zero standard optical density. Plot the standard curve on log-log graph paper or using Sigma plot software, with standard concentration on the x-axis and absorbance on the y-axis. Draw the best-fit straight line through the standard points.



A. Typical data

These standard curves are for demonstration only. A standard curve must be run with each assay.



B. Sensitivity

The minimum detectable dose of FGF-4 is typically less than 50 pg/ml.

C. Recovery

Recovery was determined by spiking various levels of recombinant human FGF-4 into normal human serum, plasma and cell culture media. Mean recoveries are as follows:

Sample Type	Average % Recovery	Range (%)
Serum	97.57	89-112
Plasma	96.21	88-110
Cell culture media	91.54	80-103

D. Linearity

Sample Type	Serum	Plasma	Cell Culture Media
1:2	93	94	95
Average % of Expected	84-103	84-105	85-106
Range (%)			
1:4	92	92	96
Average % of Expected	83-104	85-104	84-105
Range (%)			
1:8	95	94	95
Average % of Expected	82-105	83-105	87-103
Range (%)			



E. Reproducibility

Intra-Assay: CV<10%

Inter-Assay: CV<12%

IX. Specificity

Cross Reactivity: This ELISA kit shows no cross-reactivity with any of the cytokines tested (e.g., human Angiogenin, BDNF, BLC, ENA-78, FGF-6, FGF-7, FGF-9, IL-1 α , IL-1 β , IL-2, IL-3, IL-4, IL-5, IL-7, IL-8, IL-9, IL-10, IL-11, IL-12 p70, IL-12 p40, IL-13, IL-15, IL-309, IP-10, G-CSF, GM-CSF, IFN- γ , Leptin, MCP-1, MCP-2, MCP-3, MDC, MIP-1 α , MIP-1 β , MIP-1 δ , PARC, PDGF, RANTES, SCF, TARC, TGF- β , TIMP-1, TIMP-2, TNF- α , TNF- β , TPO, VEGF).

X. Troubleshooting Guide

Problem	Cause	Solution
1. Poor standard curve	1. Inaccurate pipetting 2. Improper standard dilution	1. Check pipettes 2. Ensure a brief spin of Item C and dissolve the powder thoroughly by a gentle mix.
2. Low signal	1. Too brief incubation times 2. Inadequate reagent volumes or improper dilution	1. Ensure sufficient incubation time; assay procedure step 2 may change to over night 2. Check pipettes and ensure correct preparation
3. Large CV	1. Inaccurate pipetting	1. Check pipettes
4. High background	1. Plate is insufficiently washed 2. Contaminated wash buffer	1. Review the manual for proper wash. If using a plate washer, check that all ports are unobstructed. 2. Make fresh wash buffer
5. Low sensitivity	1. Improper storage of the ELISA kit 2. Stop solution	1. Store your standard at -20°C after reconstitution, others at 4°C . Keep substrate solution protected from light 2. Stop solution should be added to each well before measure

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