

## CD244

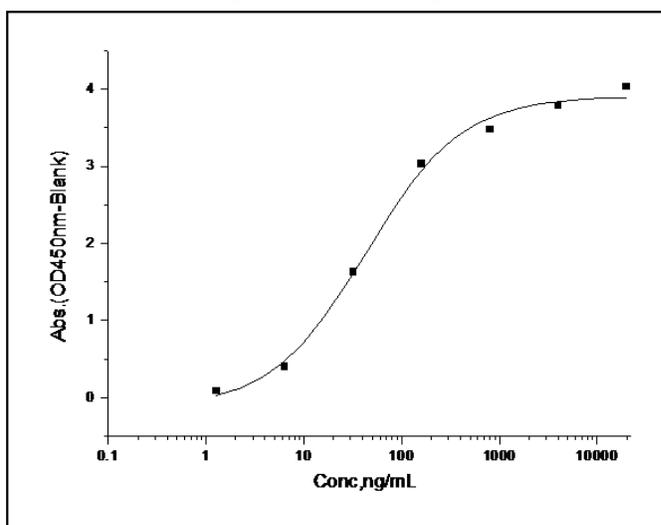
### Recombinant Human 2B4 / SLAMF / CD244 (Fc Tag)

<b>Catalog No.</b>	CRH383A-Fc CRH383B-Fc	<b>Quantity:</b>	50 µg 100 µg
<b>Alternate Names:</b>	Natural killer cell receptor 2B4, NK cell activation-inducing ligand, NAIL, NK cell type I receptor protein 2B4, NKR2B4, h2B4, SLAM family member 4, SLAMF4, Signaling lymphocytic activation molecule 4		
<b>Description:</b>	The CD244 antigen, also known as 2B4, is a cell surface glycoprotein implicated in the regulation of natural killer and T lymphocyte function. 2B4 is a member of the signaling lymphocyte activation molecule (SLAM)-related receptor family and is important for stimulating NK cell cytotoxicity and cytokine production, which is expressed on all NK cells, a subpopulation of T cells, monocytes and basophils. The 2B4 antigen identified on NK cells and T cells is capable of transmitting stimulatory signals and non-MHC-restricted killing. Reported as an activating receptor, human 2B4 can effectively activate and enhance NK cell-mediated cytotoxicity, induce secretion of IFN-γ and matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs), as well as NK cell invasiveness. As a cell surface glycoprotein of the Ig-superfamily structurally related to CD2-like molecules such as CD2, CD48, CD58, CD84, Ly-9, and SLAM, 2B4 (CD244) is expressed on all human NK cells, a subpopulation of T cells, basophils and monocytes. 2B4 activates NK cell mediated cytotoxicity, induces secretion of IFN-gamma and matrix metalloproteinases, and NK cell invasiveness.		
<b>UniProt ID:</b>	Q9BZW8		
<b>Accession Number:</b>	NP_057466.1		
<b>Protein Construction:</b>	A DNA sequence encoding the extracellular domain (Met 1-Arg221) of human 2B4 / CD244 (NP_057466.1) precursor was expressed with the C-terminal fused Fc region of human IgG1.		
<b>Source:</b>	HEK293 Cells		
<b>Formulation:</b>	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization.		
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	The recombinant 2B4/CD244/Fc chimera is a disulfide-linked homodimer. The reduced monomer comprises 438 amino acids and predicts a molecular mass of 49 kDa. As a result of glycosylation, the rh2B4/CD244/Fc monomer migrates as an approximately 70 -80 kDa band in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.		
<b>Purity:</b>	> 97 % as determined by SDS-PAGE.		
<b>Endotoxin Level:</b>	< 1.0 EU per µg protein as determined by the LAL method.		
<b>Biological Activity:</b>	Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized human CD48 at 10 µg/ml (100 µl/well) can bind recombinant human 2B4 / CD244 with a linear range of 0.004-0.4 µg/ml		
<b>Predicted N-terminal:</b>	Cys 22		

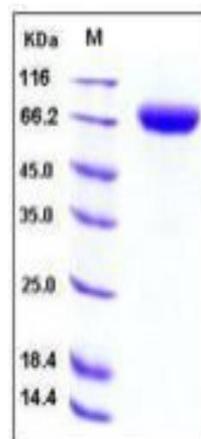


- Reconstitution:** **Centrifuge vial prior to opening.** Add sterile distilled water to a concentration of 0.1 mg/mL and gently pipette the solution up and down the sides of the vial. **DO NOT VORTEX.** Allow several minutes for complete reconstitution.
- Storage & Stability:** Stable for up to 1 year from date of receipt at -20°C to -80°C. After reconstitution, store working aliquots at -20°C to -80°C. **Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.**

Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized human CD48 at 10 µg/ml (100 µl/well) can bind recombinant human 2B4 / CD244 with a linear range of 0.004-0.4 µg/ml.



SDS-PAGE



NOT FOR HUMAN USE. FOR RESEARCH ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.