

ME2

Recombinant Human Malic Enzyme 2

Catalog No.	CS286A CS286B CS286C	Quantity:	5 µg 25 µg 1 mg
Alternate Names:	ODS1, NAD-ME, Malate dehydrogenase, Pyruvic-malic carboxylase, NAD-dependent malic enzyme, mitochondrial		
Description:	NAD-dependent malic enzyme (ME2), mitochondrial is a protein that in humans is encoded by the ME2 gene. This gene encodes a mitochondrial NAD-dependent malic enzyme, a homotetrameric protein, which catalyzes the oxidative decarboxylation of malate to pyruvate. Three different isoforms of ME are known to be in mammalian tissues: a strictly cytosolic NADP ⁺ -dependent enzyme, an NADP ⁺ -dependent mitochondrial isoform, and a mitochondrial isoenzyme that is able to use both NAD ⁺ and NADP ⁺ but is more effective with NAD ⁺ . The mammalian isoforms size is about 62-64 kDa. A native size of 240 kDa proposes a tetrameric structure for the active enzyme.		
Physical Appearance:	Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.		
Gene ID:	4200		
Source:	<i>E. coli</i>		
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 63.5 kDa, a single non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 567 amino acids.		
Formulation:	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered concentrated solution in PBS, pH 7.4.		
Purity:	>95% by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.		
Endotoxin Level:	Less than 1 EU/µg of Recombinant Human ME2 as determined by LAL method.		
Biological Activity:	Data is not available.		
Amino Acid Sequence:	MLHIKEKGKP LMLNPRNTNKG MAFTLQERQM LGLQGLLPPK IETQDIQALR FHRNLKMTS PLEKYIYIMG IQERNEKLFY RILQDDIESL MPIVYTPTVG LACSQYGHIF RRPKGLFISI SDRGHVRSIV DNWPENHVKA VVVTDGERIL GLGDLGVYGM GIPVGKLCLY TACAGIRPDR CLPVCIDVGT DNIALLKDPF YMGlyQKRDR TQQYDDLIDE FMKAITDRYG RNTLIQFEDF GNHNAFRFLR KYREKYCTFN DDIQGTAAVA LAGLLAAQKV ISKPISEHKI LFLGAGEAAL GIANLIVMSM VENGLSEQEA QKKIWMFDKY GLLVKGRKAK IDSYQEPFTH SAPESIPDTF EDAVNILKPS TIIGVAGAGR LFTP DVIRAM ASINERPVIF ALSNP TAQAE CTAE EAYTLT EGRCLFASGS PFGPVKLT DG RVFTPGQGNN VYIFPGVALA VILCNTRHIS DSVFLEAAKA LTSQLTDEEL AQGRLYPLA NIQEV SINIA IKVTEYLYAN KMAFRYPEPE DKAKYVKERT WRSEYD SLLP DVYEWPE SAS SPPVITE		
Reconstitution:	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1% BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and stored at ≤-20°C. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.		



Storage & Stability: This lyophilized preparation is stable at 2-4°C, but should be kept desiccated at -20°C for long term storage. Upon reconstitution, the preparation is stable for up to one week at 2-4°C. For maximal stability, apportion the reconstituted preparation into working aliquots and store at -20°C to -80°C. **Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.**

NOT FOR HUMAN USE. FOR RESEARCH ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.



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