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## Recombinant SARS-CoV-2 (2019-nCoV) Spike S1 Protein (mFc Tag)

<b>Catalog No.</b>	CSI99012	<b>Quantity:</b>	100 µg
<b>Alternate Names:</b>	Spike glycoprotein, Spike S1 subunit		
<b>Description:</b>	<p>The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses contains protrusions that will only bind to certain receptors on the host cell. Known receptors that bind S1 are ACE2, angiotensin-converting enzyme 2; DPP4, dipeptidyl peptidase-4; APN, aminopeptidase N; CEACAM, carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 1; Sia, sialic acid; O-ac Sia, O-acetylated sialic acid. The spike is essential for both host specificity and viral infectivity. The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses is known to be essential in the binding of the virus to the host cell at the advent of the infection process. It's been reported that SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19 coronavirus, 2019-nCoV) can infect the human respiratory epithelial cells through interaction with the human ACE2 receptor. The spike protein is a large type I transmembrane protein containing two subunits, S1 and S2. S1 mainly contains a receptor binding domain (RBD), which is responsible for recognizing the cell surface receptor. S2 mediates fusion of the virion and cellular membranes by acting as a class I viral fusion protein. The S protein plays key parts in the induction of neutralizing-antibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity. The main functions for the Spike protein are summarized as: Mediate receptor binding and membrane fusion; Defines the range of the hosts and specificity of the virus; Main component to bind with the neutralizing antibody; Key target for vaccine design; Can be transmitted between different hosts through gene recombination or mutation of the receptor binding domain (RBD), leading to a higher mortality rate.</p>		
<b>UniProt ID:</b>	P0DTC2		
<b>Accession Number:</b>	YP_009724390.1		
<b>Protein Construction:</b>	A DNA sequence encoding the SARS-CoV-2 (2019-nCoV) spike protein S1 (Val16-Arg685) was expressed with the Fc region of mouse IgG1 at the C-terminus.		
<b>Source:</b>	HEK293		
<b>Formulation:</b>	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization.		
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	The recombinant SARS-CoV-2 (2019-nCoV) Spike Protein (S1 Subunit, mFc Tag) consists of 904 amino acids with a predicted molecular mass of 101.4 kDa.		
<b>Purity:</b>	> 90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE		
<b>Endotoxin Level:</b>	< 1.0 EU per µg protein as determined by the LAL method.		
<b>Biological Activity:</b>	In a functional ELISA, immobilized human ACE2 protein (His tag) at 2µg/ml (100µl/well) binds SARS-CoV-2 (2019-nCoV) Spike S1 Protein (mFc Tag) with an EC50 for 2019-nCoV Spike S1 Protein (mFc Tag) of 90-240 ng/ml.		
<b>Predicted N-terminal:</b>	Val 16		



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- Reconstitution:** **Centrifuge vial prior to opening.** Add sterile distilled water to a concentration of 0.1 mg/mL and gently pipette the solution up and down the sides of the vial.  
**DO NOT VORTEX.** Allow several minutes for complete reconstitution.
- Storage & Stability:** Stable for up to 1 year from date of receipt at -20°C to -80°C  
After reconstitution, store working aliquots at -20°C to -80°C.  
**Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.**

NOT FOR HUMAN USE. FOR RESEARCH ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.



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